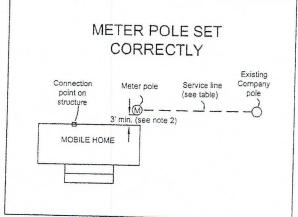
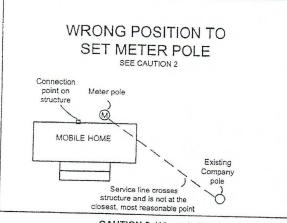
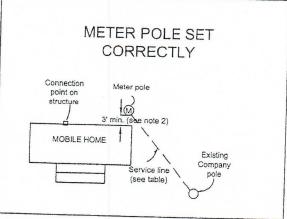


WRONG POSITION TO SET METER POLE SEE CAUTION 1 Existing Connection Meter Company point on structure 132' (see table) 0 Service line MOBILE HOME is too long and not at closest point to Company pole



CAUTION 1: See table for maximum recommended distance. Longer lengths may require Company to install an additional pole. This may involve additional costs (typically \$500 or more) to the customer.





CAUTION 2: When placing the meter pole, remember the Company service cable can not go over the top of the mobile home. If there is not a clear path to the meter pole, this will require the Company to install an additional pole. This may involve additional cost, (typically \$500 or more) to the customer.

	ecommended ance
Amps	Length
100	100'
200	75'
320	40'

Call 48 Hours Before You Dig 1-888-258-0808

In locations with underground facilities, the Customer shall notify One Call and shall have One Call locate all underground facilities before digging. It shall be the responsibility of the Customer to stay clear of all underground facilities.

Notes:

- 1. Customer facilities shall comply with Company Standards, the NEC, and authorities having jurisdiction.
- 2. Meter pole shall be more than 3' from the mobile home (see Drawing SS7.2-1 Meter Clearances).
- 3. The customer is responsible for clearing and maintaining all right of way.

See table for maximum recommended distance of service.

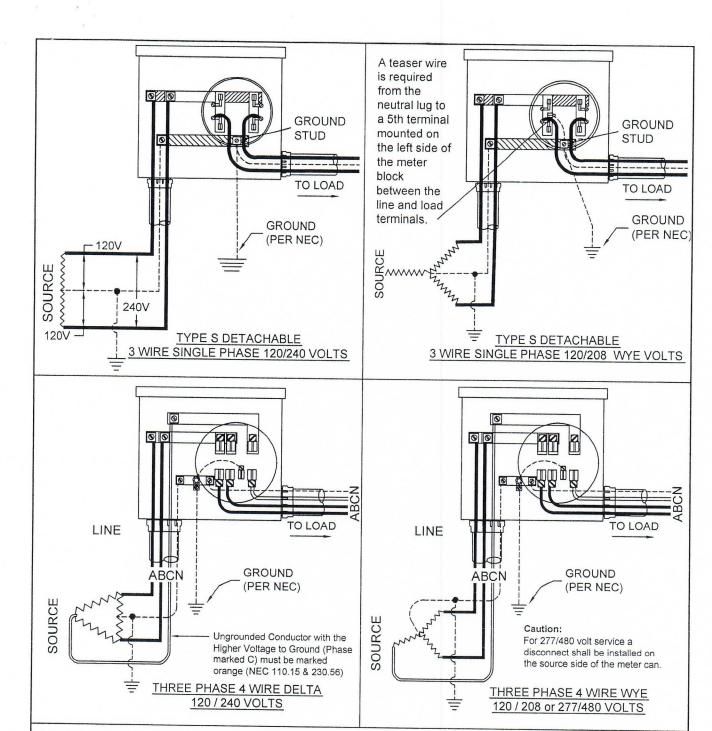
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2	2/05	UPDATED: CUSTOMER INSTALLATION STANDARDS TEAM	15.7		D
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NO.	DATE:	REVISION	BY:	APPR-	
			1	WELL"	

ENTERGY SERVICES, INC.

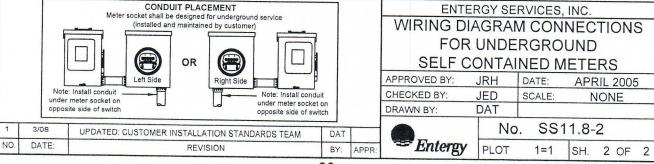
Overhead Service Details for Single Mobile Home Installation

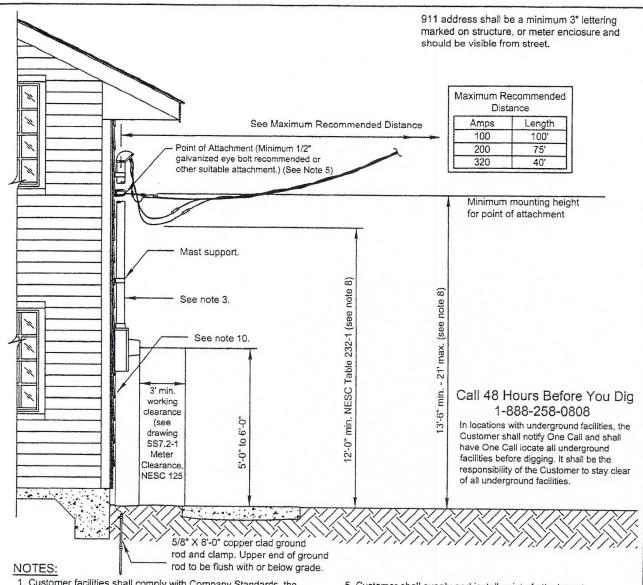
APPROVED BY:	JRH	DATE:	March 1999
CHECKED BY:	LKE	SCALE:	None
DRAWN BY:	JR1		110110

	No.	SS	34.6-	2			_
Entergy	PLOT	1=1	SH.	1	OF	1	



- 1. All diagrams on this drawing show connections when the switch is installed on the right side (see Right Side below) of the meter socket. If the switch is installed on the left side of the meter socket you will need to mirror this diagram (see Left Side below).
- 2. All sockets, except residential single phase less than 320 Amps, shall have a manual mechanical gang operated bypass switch.
- 3. Load and supply wires shall not cross in the meter socket (11.1.2.7)





- 1. Customer facilities shall comply with Company Standards, the National Electrical Code, and authorities having jurisdiction.
- Buildings or other facilities shall not be constructed under existing company supply lines, nor shall any company supply lines pass over existing buildings or facilities.
- Rigid/intermediate metal (steel), rigid aluminum, EMT, or schedule
 PVC gray conduit with U.V. protection sized per table.
- Weatherhead should be of the same material as the conduit.
- 4. A minimum of 3'-0" of each conductor shall extend from the top of the service mast. The neutral shall be marked with white tape on both ends and may be bare wire.

METER SIZE	CONDUIT SIZE	Current carry wire size (ing & neutral	GROUND
		ALUMINUM	COPPER	WIRE SIZE
100 Amp	1.5"	#2	#4	#6 *
200 Amp	2"	4/0	2/0	#4 **
320 Amp	3"		Consult NEC	

See NEC 310.15(B) (6) - phase conductors: NEC 220.61 - Neutral, and NEC 250.66 - Ground Wire
* Wire smaller than #6 must be protected from physical damage (see NEC 250.120C)
** For sole connection to rod, plate or pipe type electrode #6 AWG Cu is allowed (see NEC250.66A)

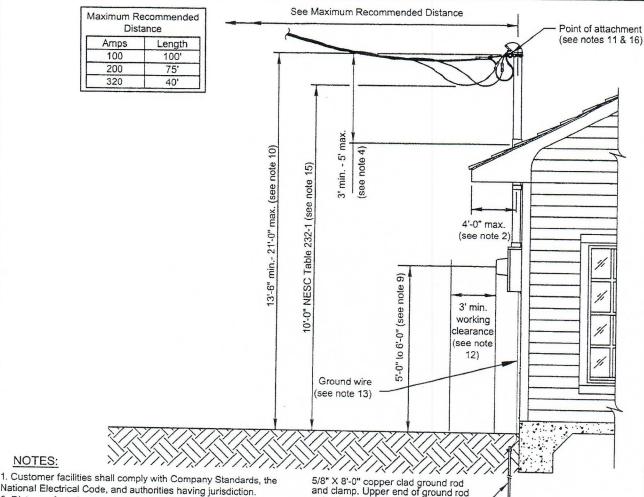
2/05 UPDATED: CUSTOMER INSTALLATION STANDARDS TEAM DAT 3 4/02 UPDATED: CUSTOMER INSTALLATION STANDARDS TEAM DAT 2 5/99 UPDATED PER SERVICE STANDARDS TEAM TKV UPDATED PER SOLUTION GROUP RECOMMENDATIONS 6/98 MCC NO DATE: REVISION BY: APPR

- 5. Customer shall supply and install point of attachment.
- Main breaker should be within 2'-0" of meter. Outside wall is recommended.
- 7. Customer shall install meter socket.
- 8. Additional height may be required to maintain clearance. Point of attachment can be no higher than 21'.
- 9. Minimum 3 ft. clearance between electric meter and gas meter.
- 10. Ground wire may be attached to wall (see Section 13.5).
- 11. Any Service greater than 200 amps, consult the Company.
- 12. Point of attachment shall be either accessable to Company's bucket truck or have enough surface (such as wall or building structure) and sufficient ground space on same Customer's property to safely support a ladder.

TYPICAL PERMANENT OVERHEAD RESIDENTIAL SERVICE #1

APPROVED BY:	JDS	DATE:	April 1998
CHECKED BY:	LKE	SCALE:	1/8"=1'-0"
DRAWN BY: V	VINK-AJC		
	No	99	711

No. SS7.1-1
PLOT 1=1 SH. 1 OF 1



- National Electrical Code, and authorities having jurisdiction.
- 2. Distance from fascia to center of mast to be 4'-0" max. NEC 240 24A
- 3. Buildings or other facilities shall not be constructed under existing company supply lines, nor shall any company supply lines pass over existing buildings or facilities.
- 4. Only rigid metal or IMC conduit can be used above the roof.
- 5. A minimum of 3'-0" of each conductor shall extend from the top of the service mast. The neutral shall be marked with white tape at both ends. Neutral can be bare.
- 6. Customer shall supply and install point of attachment.
- 7. Main breaker should be within 2'-0" of meter. Outside wall is recommended.
- 8. Guying or bracing may be required. NEC 230.28.
- 9. Customer shall install meter enclosure.
- 10. Additional height may be required to maintain clearance. Point of attachment can be no higher than 21'. Exception: Point of attachment may be reduced to 11'-6" if all traffic under wire does not exceed 8'-0"
- 11. No telephone or cable attachment allowed on mast. NEC 230.28.
- 12. Minimum 3 ft. clearance between electric meter and gas meter. See Section 11.3
- 13. For grounding information see section 13.5.
- 14. Any Service greater than 200 amps, consult the Company.
- 15. 10'-0" minimum height to bottom of drip loop when all traffic under wire does not exceed 8'-0" height. (See Section 7.3).
- 16. Point of attachment shall be either accessable to Company's bucket truck or have enough surface (such as wall or building structure) and sufficient ground space on same Customer's property to safely support a ladder.

IVO.	DATE:	REVISION	BY:	APPR:
NO.	DATE:	UPDATED PER SOLUTION GROUP RECOMMENDATIONS	MCC	
1	6/98		INV	
2	5/99	UPDATED PER SERVICE STANDARDS TEAM	TKV	-
3	4/02	UPDATED: CUSTOMER INSTALLATION STANDARDS TEAM	DAT	
-		UPDATED: CUSTOMER INSTALLATION STANDARDS TEAM	DAT	
4	2/05	LIPDATED: CUSTOMED INCTALL ATION OF THE	7	

METER SIZE	CONDUIT	ing Size - Fan Current carry wire size (ing & neutral	GROUND
		ALUMINUM	COPPER	WIRE SIZE
100 Amp	2"	#2	#4	#6 *
200 Amp	2"	4/0	2/0	#4 **
320 Amp	3"		Consult NEC	

to be flush with or below grade.

See NEC 310.15(B) (6) - phase conductors: NEC 220.61 - Neutral, and NEC 250.66 - Ground Wire

Wire smaller than #6 must be protected from physical damage (see NEC 250.120C) ** For sole connection to rod, plate or pipe type electrode #6 AWG Cu is allowed (see NEC250.66A)

Call 48 Hours Before You Dia 1-888-258-0808

In locations with underground facilities, the Customer shall notify One Call and shall have One Call locate all underground facilities before digging. It shall be the responsibility of the Customer to stay clear of all underground facilities.

ENTERGY SERVICES, INC. TYPICAL PERMANENT OVERHEAD **RESIDENTIAL SERVICE #2** APPROVED BY: JDS DATE: April 1998 CHECKED BY: LKE SCALE: None DRAWN BY: WINK-AJC No. SS7.1-2 Entergy 5

1=1

SH. 1

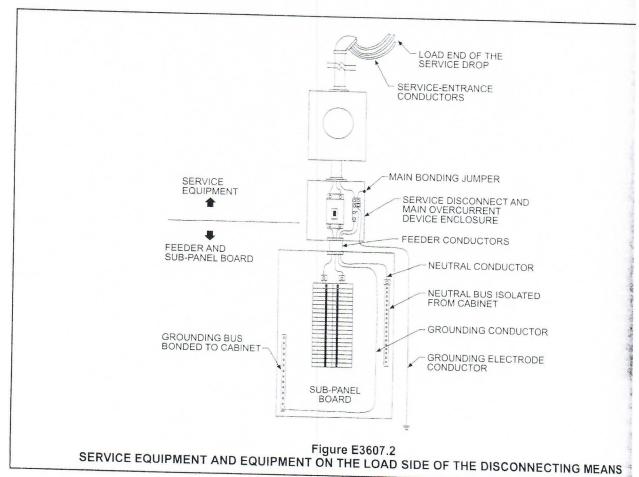
OF 1

PLOT

Where two or more buildings are supplied from one service, each building must have a grounding electrode. For example, a dwelling has a service supplied from the power company to service equipment on the outside of the dwelling and has two 2-pole circuit breakers as main service disconnects. One 2-pole circuit breaker serves a feeder run to the panelboard inside the dwelling, and the other serves a feeder run to a panelboard at a separate workshop building 100 feet (30 480 mm) away from the dwelling. Both the dwelling and the workshop must have a grounding electrode as described in Section E3608. If there is no grounding electrode at the workshop, one of the grounding electrodes listed in Section E3608 must be installed. A ground rod, concrete encased electrode, or ground ring could be installed. If water is supplied to the separate workshop building through metal pipe, an underground metal water pipe could serve as the grounding electrode. This section states that the grounding electrode at the separate building must be connected in the building disconnecting means in one of the ways described in the two sub-sections that follow. Note that Section E3607.3.2 applies only to existing premises wiring systems. A separate building must have a main disconnect and not simply a panelboard. A main disconnect could be a main circuit breaker in the panelboard that would disconnect all the power to the panelboard.

A grounding electrode is not required in a building if it is served by only one branch separate building supplied by only one bra does not have a grounding electrode, it doe to have a ground rod installed. If a metal un water pipe is already installed at the building not have to be bonded to the equipment conductor of the one branch circuit. A built small tool shed, for example, may have only receptacle. The equipment grounding conwith the branch circuit conductors is su ground any equipment for this separate by course, a receptacle in a tool storage shed sory building at grade level would require gr circuit-interrupter protection, but, the groun ductor need not be connected to a groun trode such as a ground rod.

E3607.3.1 Equipment grounding conductor. An grounding conductor as described in Section E39 run with the supply conductors and connected to the structure disconnecting means and to the grour trode(s). The equipment grounding conductor shall grounding or bonding of equipment, structures required to be grounded or bonded. The equipment conductor shall be sized in accordance with Section Any installed grounded conductor shall not be conn



E3609.3

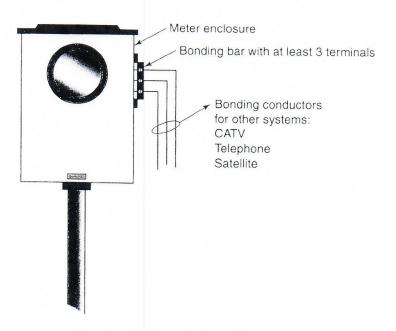
Intersystem Bonding Termination

CHANGE TYPE: Modification

CHANGE SUMMARY: Bonding terminations for communications, satellite, and cable television grounding conductors are now required in one of three prescribed and accessible locations.

2009 CODE: E3609.3 Bonding to for Other Systems. An intersystem bonding termination for connecting intersystem bonding and grounding conductors required for other systems shall be provided external to enclosures at the service equipment and at the disconnecting means for any additional buildings or structures. The intersystem bonding termination shall be accessible for connection and inspection. The intersystem bonding termination shall have the capacity for connection of not less than three intersystem bonding conductors. The intersystem bonding termination device shall not interfere with the opening of a service or metering equipment enclosure. The intersystem bonding termination shall be one of the following:

- 1. A set of terminals securely mounted to the meter enclosure and electrically connected to the meter enclosure. The terminals shall be listed as grounding and bonding equipment.
- 2. A bonding bar near the service equipment enclosure, meter enclosure, or raceway for service conductors. The bonding bar shall be connected with a minimum 6 AWG copper conductor to an equipment grounding conductor(s) in the service equipment enclosure, to a meter enclosure, or to an exposed non-flexible metallic raceway.
- 3. A bonding bar near the grounding electrode conductor. The bonding bar shall be connected to the grounding electrode conductor with a minimum 6 AWG copper conductor.



Intersystem bonding termination

For Underground Derivice Cuptionity richine PC Electric - 5th From Mobile Home Entergy OR Electric
Pointe Coupce Electric
Utility Pole ENterigy - 3Ft Fram mobile Home Treated Cumber Required 2x6 studs of LATTYPER mobilE Home Treated HX4 Postoil Mika 4x4 post MAIN BRECKER under ground Meter CAN PANEL 21/2 Pro Schedule 80 conduit 2" PVC Schedule 80 Conduit 3 t in Secund 3 HiN greund